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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/722,776	11/26/2003	Haixun Wang	YOR920030413US1	7238
48062 RVAN MASO	7590 10/16/2007 DN & LEWIS, LLP	EXAMINER		
1300 POST ROAD			BITAR, NANCY	
SUITE 205 FAIRFIELD, CT 06824			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			2624	
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			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/16/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/722,776	WANG ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Nancy Bitar	2624				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was precised to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS CO 36(a). In no event, howe vill apply and will expire S , cause the application to	MMUNICATION. ver, may a reply be timely filed SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 Ju	<i>ıly 2007</i> .					
· 	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
. —	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1	935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to		•				
8). Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers	,					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>14 June 2007</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		·				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Interview Summary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>6/14/2007</u> . 6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant has amended claim 20. Claims 1-20 are currently pending.

- 1. Applicant's arguments see pages 5-6, filed 07/16/2007, with respect to 101 rejection of claims 1-20 have been fully considered and are persuasive. The 101 rejection of claims 1-20 has been withdrawn.
- 2. Applicant's arguments with respect to the 102(b) rejection of claims 1-20 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that Wang et al is directed to clustering by pattern similarity while the process of "clustering" and "finding the nearest neighbor" share the concept of pattern similarity the result of the processes are not the same. Examiner disagrees with applicant since when each object represents its own cluster; the distances between those objects are defined by the chosen distance measure. However, once several objects have been linked together, we determine the distances between those new clusters by finding the "nearest neighbors" across clusters to determine the distances between clusters; therefore Wang et al teaches the method where the similarity model used in data retrieval and nearest neighbor search is based on value similarity (section 6).
- 3. Applicant argues that the Wang reference do not disclose or suggests defining subspace correlation between two or more of the objects in the set based on the identified subspace pattern similarity for use in identifying near neighbor objects.

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In response, Examiner point out section of 1.3 of Wang et al where he identify subspace clusters in high dimensional data sets where he explore subspace clustering which uses pattern similarly to measure the distance between two objects and teaches the PearsonR model [18] that measures the correlation between two objects with respect to all attribute value thus identifying near-neighbor objects and performing effective and accurate similarly matching in non metric spaces.

4. All remaining arguments are reliant on the aforementioned and addressed arguments and thus are considered to be wholly addressed herein.

Examiner Notes

5. Examiner cites particular columns and line numbers in the references as applied to the claims below for the convenience of the applicant. Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings in the art and are applied to the specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested that, in preparing responses, the applicant fully consider the references in entirety as potentially teaching all or part of the claimed invention, as well as the context of the passage as taught by the prior art or disclosed by the examiner

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(b) The invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

7. Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Wang et al (Clustering by Pattern Similarity in Large data Sets, ACM SIGMOD' 2002 June 4-6, Madison Wisconsin, USA).

As to claim 1, teaches a method for use in finding near-neighbors in a set of objects comprising the steps of: identifying subspace pattern similarities that the objects in the set exhibit in multi-dimensional spaces (identifying subspace clusters in high-dimensional data sets, section 1.3); and defining subspace correlations between two or more of the objects in the set based on the identified subspace pattern similarities for use in identifying near-neighbor objects. Wang discloses clustering by pattern similarity in large data sets (see abstract), including the further limitation wherein the distance function -comprises the following: given two data objects x and y, a subspace S, and a dimension $k \in S$, the sequence-based distance between x and y is as follows: 7 dist k, S $(x, y) = \max i \in S$ (xi-yi)-(xk-yk) (see section 4.1: Pairwise Clustering, column 2, lines 1-7; in order to increase the efficiency of determining the pattern similarity)

As to claims 2, Wang et al. teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the identifying step further comprises the step of creating a pattern distance index (Euclidean distance, section 1.1).

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As to claim 3, Wang et al. teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the multidimensional spaces comprise arbitrary spaces (figures 1 and 2).

As to claims 4- 5, Wang et al. teaches the method of claim 4, wherein the subspace dimensionality is an indicator of a degree of similarity between the objects (section 4.1).

As to claim 6, Wang et al. teaches the method of claim 1, wherein data relating to the objects is static (there is no coherence need to be related by shifting or scaling the objects, section 1.4).

As to claim 8, Wang et al. teaches the method of claim 1, wherein data relating to the objects comprises gene expression data (the gene expression data are organized as matrices, section 1.2).

As to claims 7 and 9, Wang et al. teaches the method of claim 1, wherein data relating to the objects comprises synthetic data and dynamic data (synthetic and real life data sets, section 5).

As to claim 10, Wang et al. teaches the method of claim 1, wherein identifying the subspace pattern similarities comprises a comparison of any subset of dimensions in the multi-dimensional spaces (note that the algorithm finds dense cells in the lower dimensional spaces and merge them to form clusters in high dimensional spaces, section 2).

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As to claim 11, Wang et al. teaches the method of claim 1, wherein identifying the subspace pattern similarities comprises an ordering of dimensions in the multi-dimensional spaces (section 4.1, $S(x, y, 7-) = \{dxa - dya \mid a \in T\}$)

As to claims 12- 13, Wang et al. teaches the method of claim 12, wherein a first pair in the sequence of pairs comprises a base of comparison for one or more remaining pairs in the sequence of pairs (figure 13).

As to claim 14, Wang et al. teaches the method of claim 12, wherein the sequence of pairs is represented sequentially in a tree structure comprising one or more edges and one or more nodes (section 4.3: Main algorithm and figure 10).

As to claim 15, Wang et al. teaches the method of claim 2, wherein creating the pattern distance index comprises use of pattern-distance links (figure 9-10).

As to claim 16, Wang et al. teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the process is optimized by maintaining a set of embedded ranges (embed random value ranges from 0-500, section 5.1).

As to claim 17, Wang et al. teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the subspace correlations comprise a distance between two or more of the objects in the set (objects based on their distances which are measured by distance function e.g. Euclidean; section 6).

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The limitation of claim 18 has been addressed above except for the following:" performing a near neighbor search". Wang et al teaches that limitation in section 6 where he explains that nearest neighbor search is based on value similarity.

Claims 19-20 differ from claim 1 only in that claims 19-20 are program claims whereas, claim 1 is an apparatus claim. Thus, claims 19-20 are analyzed as previously discussed with respect to claim Y above.

Conclusion

8. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nancy Bitar whose telephone number is 571-270-1041. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri (7:30a.m. to 5:00pm).

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Samir Ahmed can be reached on 571-272-7413. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Nancy Bitar

10/14/2007